I WANT TO BECOME AN ART THERAPIST! HOW DO I KNOW WHAT EDUCATION I NEED?

The American Art Therapy Association and the Accreditation Council for Art Therapy Education get asked this question a lot. We are always happy when people are interested in the work of art therapy, but the Accreditation Council (ACATE) only works directly with art therapy programs, rather than individuals wishing to become art therapists.

To receive answers to your questions about becoming an art therapist, The American Art Therapy Association can direct you to resources about the education of art therapists. Please follow-up with the American Art Therapy Association https://arttherapy.org/ and also review their website info, under the “Education and Practice” links.

But in the meantime, this FAQ sheet should also answer a lot of your questions! We seriously hope this FAQ sheet will be helpful to you. If you think of any other questions we haven’t answered here, reach out to the American Art Therapy Association info@arttherapy.org and they will either answer it, or direct you to someone that can.

HERE ARE THE MOST FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS WE RECEIVE:

Do I have to have an undergraduate art therapy major to apply to grad school?
It is important you know that a master's degree is the required entry level into art therapy work. The undergraduate art therapy majors which exist are pre-professional and prepare students in terms of lowering anxiety and providing foundational information, but are not required to apply to graduate school. You may find further information about art therapy education on the AATA website. https://arttherapy.org/

But you have a number of options for preparatory studies. While a graduate program degree is required for art therapy work, there are many options for undergraduate preparation studies. You could choose an undergraduate pre-professional art therapy major, a double major in art and psychology, a major in art with minor in psychology, a major in psych with a minor in art, a relevant major with elective coursework in studio art and psychology, or other majors or minors that would be highly applicable and still allow you to get the needed prerequisites for applying to the graduate programs.
In terms of art therapy pre-professional majors offered across the country, a few, though not all, are listed on the AATA website. You might also google for the information. Since the focus of art therapy work is on graduate studies, a complete list of institutions that offer the undergraduate pre-professional major does not exist and as stated above, while that major is helpful, there are a number of other options for your preparatory studies as well.

What prerequisites do I need to apply to a graduate program?
Each graduate program institution establishes its own acceptance criteria, but in general, programs require as prerequisites... 18 credits of studio art with a class in drawing, painting, claywork (prefer some handbuilding, not just wheel). The additional 9 credits of studio work then would be in other media or advanced studies in the above media, as a variety of art materials experience is needed in our client work. We need to be able to fully understand what it feels like to make art, and to express oneself in a wide variety of materials.

In addition to studio art, 9-12 credits of study in Psychology (to include coursework in related disciplines) is likely to be needed. This involves a course in Abnormal Psychology, a course in some sort of Developmental Psychology (might be titled Child Psych, Adult Psych, Lifespan, or some such title and content of people in the lifespan). Typically, to get into these sorts of classes at an undergraduate level, an Intro to Psychology class is needed first. Some grad programs require an additional 3 credits which can be in many other related areas but a Psych Research class, Statistics, Personality Theory or many other sorts of classes, either in the Psychology Department or not, would prepare students with important foundational skills for graduate studies. Many types of courses can be a helpful supplement if they teach you about people, working with them, and studying their needs.

What state should I go to school in?
In terms of what state to study in, that is a more important question for graduate studies. An undergraduate student can really study anywhere in the country. For a master’s program though, at this time the best place to attend graduate studies depends in large part on where you might want to live and settle once working. The reason for that is that each state has its own regulations for what classes need to be taken to go on and become a licensed mental health provider. Some states have an art therapy license (and lots of people are working hard to have more states that offer that.) Some states at this time just offer an option for a Counseling License or, more rarely, a license in Marriage and Family Therapy. Each program develops its classes to meet the requirements of whatever state it is in, though most programs also include the classes needed by many other states as well.

So what to do? We wish there was an easy answer for this but the best thing to do is to reach out to the programs and ask them if they will prepare you for licensure in the state you want to live in. If you aren’t sure where you want to live (which keeps life interesting) the honest thing we suggest is that you choose a school you are drawn to, and trust that wherever you are meant to be in the future will open to you. Some things in life you just can’t plan for sure.
work in art therapy requires us to be very flexible and to not always know exactly how things will turn out with clients, and that is often the best attitude to take when figuring out where to study as well. Choose a program that will help you grow.

**I want to become a certified art therapist.**

There are a couple of terms that are important to define. Here are the terms and then they will be explained.  

a) Board Certification  
b) Art Therapy Credentials Board  
c) Licensure  
d) Accredited

While the master’s degree is the required entry level of art therapy, after graduating people can spend a few more years of work and go on to become a “Board-Certified Art Therapist”. That’s why you see ATR-BC after many art therapist’s names. The pathways to becoming board certified are overseen by the Art Therapy Credentials Board (ATCB) and its important you ask them any questions you have about pathways for becoming “registered then board-certified”. Having written that, most graduate programs will want their students to have the courses needed, so you could ask a program you are applying to if the courses they offer will prepare you to go on to apply to be board-certified. Most, if not all, will. Being able to put ATR then ATR-BC after your name shows you are highly trained and competent.

The next term is about becoming “licensed”, which is different from becoming board-certified. See the explanation of state mental health licenses in the answer above where we discuss what state to go to school in, and why that might matter (or not). State Licensure as a mental health provider is a second level that is achieved in addition to becoming board-certified. Depending on the state you are living and working in, or the kind of work you want to do, it may be important to eventually become both board certified and licensed. A lot of people tell us this all seems like such a long process! That’s an exciting part of our work though, it keeps us growing, and there is always something new to learn. Think of it as a vocation, a calling, not just a job.

Finally, let’s talk about the term “accredited”. We get a lot of questions from people saying they want to be an accredited art therapist. That is a slight confusion of terms. What they really are asking about is how they can become a board-certified art therapist and licensed mental health provider. The term “accredited” applies to the graduate education programs. An education program can be accredited, not a person.

**I already have a master’s degree in a related mental health field. Can I become certified as an art therapist without a whole second master’s degree?**

It depends on what courses and content have been a part of your initial master’s degree. It is also important to remember that the Art Therapy Credentials Board (ATCB) [https://www.atcb.org/](https://www.atcb.org/) is the organization that oversees credentialing of individuals (while ACATE oversees the quality of the education programs). Generally, there are several options for individuals with a prior related master’s degree to also study art therapy and become board certified. One is to enroll in a graduate art therapy program under their “Post-Master’s Masters” degree option. This may also be referred to as “Advanced Standing”. Many if not most
of your prior classes in your initial degree may apply to the new studies and you would not have to repeat some course content, though you would need to take courses required to be taught by art therapists. Each graduate program advertises whether or not they offer this option on its website. Additionally, some programs offer an art therapy certificate option which consists of taking classes and completing post-grad work hours, but not earning a second master’s degree. Additional hours of post-grad supervised employment are required under this certificate option. The Art Therapy Credentials Board can answer questions about the art therapy certificate option, while it is also important to understand that art therapy board certification can also be achieved through a post-master’s masters/advanced standing housed within an art therapy program. **Questions on these scenarios are best directed to ATCB.** Each individual graduate program may also be able to answer questions about a post-master’s master’s option if they offer it.

**Where can I find a list of master’s art therapy programs?**

There are two things to know about this answer. The first is that the AATA website does provide links to most of the master’s degree level art therapy programs, and each program then has its’ application info on its own website. The second thing to know is that a program may be so new that it is not yet able to apply to be part of the accredited/approved programs listings via the AATA website. Newer programs can be quality as well, so feel free to do your research and explore the programs listed on the directories from the AATA website, along with any that you might locate that may be newer and not yet on the directory list.

**Seriously guys? When I go to the AATA website and look under the “Selecting a Master’s Program” link, I see two charts. This is confusing.**

We do realize seeing two charts has potential to confuse, but we need a few more years to make it all super clear. You’ll see something important explained on that page….we are in the middle of a five-year process to transition art therapy programs from being under the approval umbrella, to being under the accreditation umbrella. The former processes were called “approval”, and under the AATA umbrella, while the newer processes are called “accreditation”, and under the CAAHEP/ACATE umbrella. We are in year three of making the shift so some programs are still in line. It’s a lot of work and done by volunteers! So, some art therapy programs are under the “CAAHEP Currently Accredited Graduate Degree Programs” chart. Some are under the “AATA Currently Approved Graduate Degree Programs” chart.

Here’s what is really important for you to know though, about all of this. It’s so important we don’t just say it on the AATA website, we’re going to say it again here. Whether you attend a program that has had a chance to become accredited, or attend a program that is approved and waiting in line for accreditation application, programs from either chart, approved or accredited, will prepare you to go on to become a board-certified art therapist! Both types of quality programs undergo a rigorous review process which ensures their resources, curriculum, faculty and policies are prepared to meet your learning needs. Consider either an AATA approved or CAAHEP accredited program.
OK, that helps, but when I then click on the various states per that first chart for accredited programs, I get taken to yet another webpage and more instructions!

You get taken to the webpage for the Accreditation Council for Art Therapy Education, which is the group that oversees the art therapy accreditation processes under the CAAHEP umbrella. I am actually a volunteer for ACATE, so putting this FAQ sheet together with the kinds of questions we get asked! Here is what you need to then do. The directions on the site state this as well....click the link and you’ll be taken to a page where, after choosing “art therapy” as the profession name, you get the list of all the accredited art therapy programs. That's the easiest way to navigate that page, just put “art therapy” as the profession name and click. Don’t worry about all the other info asked for. You’ll then see the list of accredited art therapy programs and can explore each one’s website.

Just remember what is written above...both accredited programs per the first chart, and approved programs per the second chart, will prepare you to become a board-certified art therapist. We just need a few more years to transition all programs into one chart. Thank you for your patience! We know it's all a little complicated to navigate.

Should I go to an Art Therapy program that also offers counseling, a Counseling program that also offers art therapy, a Family Therapy program that offers art therapy, or something else?

Here’s the thing, the title of any degree a program offers isn’t something to really worry about. The title of a degree a program offers is established by the program for reasons more related to the state they are in, and planning they need to do in response. That’s something the program directors and faculty have to think about. What is really more important for you is what classes the program offers. You want to look at their list of classes, not the title of the degree, because the classes are what prepare you to go on to become board-certified and licensed.

So on this item we are going to finally have a straightforward answer, and not one super complicated! Art therapy programs, whatever the title of the degree they offer is, offer classes that teach about art-based approaches, and classes that teach about what is more often thought of as traditional mental health content. BUT IT’S ALL ART THERAPY. To be an art therapist, I need to know how to engage in the relational therapeutic process and use art materials within that. In the past, we used to call some of those skills “related mental health” and some “art therapy” but now it all falls under a set of skills any art therapist needs. So whatever the title of the degree, whether the first word is art therapy, or counseling, or mft, the classes taken together will teach you to work with people and use artmaking to do it. Look at the list of classes they offer, and use that as part of your decision, not the title of the degree they offer.

I want an online program because I can’t move

If your life does not allow you to immerse yourself in a new setting by moving to a school program, it’s important to know that there are some options to consider. “Fully online, hybrid,
low-residency”, these are the names of the sorts of program designs that may offer you a livable option.

When looking at the directory of art therapy programs on the CAAHEP website, **DO NOT** click on just the online option, but **DO** click on the **accredited** option and review **ALL** the program websites to see what ones offer an online, hybrid or low-residency component. Same with programs under that second chart per AATA approved programs. Online education can occur with all classes online or with the classes mostly online but only one to three weeks back on campus a year. These are called hybrid or low-residency options.

Each master’s program website will show what options exist for your studies and since programs are always developing new ideas, it is essential you research each program, and how it is designed. That is more work for you, but actually increases your options. If you think you can’t study art therapy unless you do online, remember hybrid or low residency are also mostly online.